

# FIRE RISK ASSESSMENT

#### PROPERTY ASSESSED:

Dog Hill Communal Centre Sceptone Grove Shafton Barnsley

S72 8NP



**UPRN: AK09001C** 

**Inspection Date:** 16/01/2023 **Validation Date:** 26/01/2023

Valid to: 26/01/2025

FRA completed by: Pennington Choices FRA Completed For: Berneslai Homes

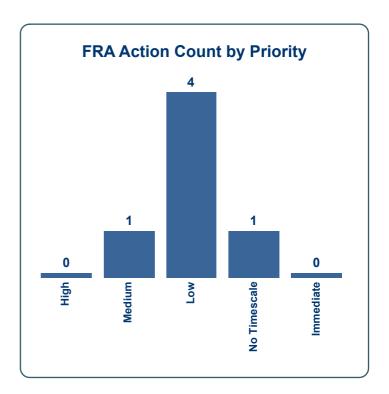


## **Executive Summary**





FRA Action by Type	
Recommendations:	1
Actions:	5



**Premises Risk Rating: Tolerable** 

Reassessment Priority: Medium - 2 Years

Recommended evacuation strategy for this building is: Simultaneous Evacuation

On satisfactory completion of all remedial works the risk rating of this building may be reduced to:: Tolerable

### **FRA - Summary**

Responsible Person	Amanda Garrard - Chief Executive
Property Designation	Community Centre
Management Extent	Partially Managed Building - Manager or Senior Staff not onsite regularly
No of Floors	1
No of Flats (if applicable)	0
Ground floor Area (m2)	180
Total Area of all floors (m2)	180

FRA Completed By:		Grant Barker
FRA Type:		Type 3
QA Validation Date:		26/01/2023
QA Carried Out By:		Paul Doodson
Validator's Signature:	Droed	



#### Medium 1

Ref.	Category	Priority	Complete By
M1	Common Area Fire Doors	Medium	26/Apr/2023

**Action/Recommendation** 

#### Finding/Observation

All fire doors were surveyed. The assessor considers that the only fire doors required are the kitchenette fire door and main hall to reception double fire doors. The kitchenette fire door does not have any combined intumescent cold smoke seals fitted, the requirement for which was introduced in the amendments to the Building Regulations in 1992. Retro fitting combined intumescent cold smoke seals is not considered by the assessor to be warranted on the basis of time/cost/effort versus the benefit due to the limited size of the premises and escape distances to exit doors. The main hall to reception fire doors do have combined intumescent cold smoke seals fitted, as the doors appear to have been replaced at some point. It was noted that this pair of fire doors do not have a third hinge, they have two very large format steel hinges per fire door that incorporate the spring loaded self-closing mechanisms. As this pair of fire doors were in good condition and self-closed without issue, retro fitting a third hinge is not considered by the assessor to be warranted on the basis of time/cost/effort versus the benefit due to the limited size of the premises and

A self-closing device should be fitted to the kitchenette fire door. The holes in the kitchenette fire door should be repaired with materials providing a minimum of 30-minutes fire

resistance. It is recommended that if a contractor is appointed to make the necessary repairs, they should be a passive fire protection specialist accredited by a UKAS third party scheme such as FIRAS, Q-MARK etc.

Image: M11

escape distances to exit doors.





Low 6

Ref. Category		Priority	Complete By	
A2 Electrical Ignition Sources		Low	26/Jan/2024	
Finding/Observation		Action/Recommendation		
Some portable electrical appliances are present, the majority of which had in date PAT labels attached. The hoover in the kitchenette cupboard was missed during the last Technicians visit and there are two new oil-filled electric portable radiators		During the next program items.	med Technicians visit, PAT te	st these

Image: A21

present that have not yet been PAT tested.





Image: A23



Ref.	Category	Priority	Complete By
K4	Means Of Escape	Low	26/Jan/2024

Although a key is required to enter via the main entrance or rear doors, one is not required to exit. Both these doors have thumb-turns present.  Both the main entrance and rear exit have chain security devices fitted. The rear exit, in addition to the thumb-turn, has a Yale type lock fitted. It is not considered that these additional mechanisms would delay evacuation for any significant length of time if occupants were aware of their presence; however, as it is considered bad practice to have to manipulate two separate mechanisms to open an emergency exit, the items mentioned should be removed. To secure the rear exit door when closing up, reliance should be placed on the handle at waist height with the thumb-turn mechanism fitted.	K4	Means Of Escape		Low 26/Jan/20		
rear doors, one is not required to exit. Both these doors have thumb-turns present.  devices fitted. The rear exit, in addition to the thumb-turn, has a Yale type lock fitted. It is not considered that these additional mechanisms would delay evacuation for any significant length of time if occupants were aware of their presence; however, as it is considered bad practice to have to manipulate two separate mechanisms to open an emergency exit, the items mentioned should be removed. To secure the rear exit door when closing up, reliance should be placed on the handle at	Finding/Observation		Action/Recommendatio	Action/Recommendation		
	rear door	rs, one is not required to exit. Both these doors have	devices fitted. The rear expression of time if occupants were it is considered bad praces separate mechanisms to mentioned should be rerushed when closing up, reliance	exit, in addition to the thumb-t not considered that these ad y evacuation for any significa e aware of their presence; ho tice to have to manipulate two open an emergency exit, the noved. To secure the rear exit e should be placed on the ha	urn, has a ditional nt length wever, as o e items t door	

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Ref.	Category		Priority	Complete By
01	Fire Safety Signs & Notices		Low	26/Jan/2024
Finding/Observation		Action/Recommendation		
Emergen reasonab	ncy escape signage has been provided at a ble level.	thumb-turn operating me rear exit door. The arrow required to escape. Displ	ic 'Turn to Open' signs next to chanisms on the main entran should indicate the direction lay 'Fire Door Keep Shut' sign all to reception fire doors and ire door.	ce and of turn as on

Image: O11



Ref.	Ref. Category		Priority	Complete By
R1	R1 Fire Extinguishing Appliances		Low	26/Jan/2024
Finding/Observation Action		Action/Recommendation	า	
Fire extinguishers are provided in circulation spaces etc as per the Responsible Persons policy, however it is not expected that although trained, staff or community centre users would perform firefighting operations that might endanger themselves. There are labels present that clearly indicate that the extinguishers should only be used by trained persons.		during the last Technician	guisher in the main hall was r ns visit. During the next progr ans visit, ensure that they nguisher.	

Image: R11





#### No Timescale 1

Ref.	Ref. Category		Priority	Complete By
B1 Smoking Policies		No Timescale		
Finding/Observation		Action/Recommendation		
There is a 'No Smoking' policy in place for internal areas of the community centre.		materials waste receptad	given to relocating the smoke ele which is immediately outsi- ested that one of the other wan ore appropriate.	de the

Image: B11





Reassessment Priority	Medium - 2 Years
Responsible Person	Amanda Garrard - Chief Executive
BAFE Cert	CHES077

### **General Information**

UPRN	AK09001C
Address	Dog Hill Communal Centre Sceptone Grove Shafton Barnsley
Postcode	S72 8NP
Fire Risk Assessor	Grant Barker
Date of Inspection	16/01/2023
Checked by	Paul Doodson
Reassessment Date	16/01/2025

### **General Information**

Property Designation	Community Centre
Property Type	Public Building
No of Floors	1
No of Flats (if applicable)	0
Ground floor area (m2)	180
Total area of all floors	180
Building Description	The premises is a modestly sized single storey building provided as a community centre for local residents. It was opened in 1978. One of the attached properties is under the control of Berneslai Homes (a boiler room) and the others are not (a care home and day care centre). There is a pitched tiled roof structure. There are no passenger lifts present. There is level access at the front and rear exit doors. There is no ancillary usage.
Building Construction	The ground floor is ground bearing concrete. The ceilings are underdrawn with plasterboard/plaster skim. From visual observation only from the ground floor level, the exposed surface of external walls gives the appearance of masonry construction.
Extent of common areas	Main hall, kitchenette and reception area.
Areas of the building to which access was not available	None.

If applicable state which flats were sample inspected

The whole premises was surveyed.



### 1. The Occupants

Ref.       Question       Policy Principles         10       Management Extent         Answer       Finding/Observation         Partially Managed Building - Manager or Senior Staff not onsite regularly         Ref.       Question         Policy Principles	
Answer Finding/Observation  Partially Managed Building - Manager or Senior Staff not onsite regularly	
Partially Managed Building - Manager or Senior Staff not onsite regularly	
regularly	
Ref. Question Policy Principles	
Details of any onsite management (hours onsite etc.)	
Answer Finding/Observation	
Berneslai Homes employees are normally present at this premises for a limited number of hours during the week when hosting events such as bingo etc.	
Ref. Question Policy Principles	
12 Person managing fire safety in premises	
Answer Finding/Observation	
Ryan Beardshall - Fire Safety Officer, Berneslai Homes.	
Ref. Question Policy Principles	
13 Person consulted during the fire risk assessment	
Answer Finding/Observation	
Dawn York (Berneslai Homes) - via telephone on the 18/01/2023.	
Ref. Question Policy Principles	
14 Number of occupants (maximum estimated)	
Answer Finding/Observation	
18 including employees. The premises is not licensed for the consumption of alcohol.	
Ref. Question Policy Principles	
15 Approximate maximum number of employees at any one time	
Answer Finding/Observation	
2.	
Ref. Question Policy Principles	
Number of members of the public (maximum estimated)	
Answer Finding/Observation	
16.	



Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
17	Identify any people who are especially at risk: - sleeping occupants - disabled occupants - occupants in remote areas and lone workers - young persons - others	
Answe	r	Finding/Observation
for peo- such the physical popular childre centre	a community centre facility and the facility is provided ple in the locality to hold events and club meetings. As were may be occupants with varying degrees of al/mental impairment in-line with the general tion. It is likely that there will be young persons and in present on different days (it was confirmed that the can be hired for Cub's meetings etc). Lone working is a lity, but it is considered that remote working is not likely are n	



### 2. Fire Safety Legislation

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
21	The following fire safety legislation applies to these premises	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Regulato	ory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005	
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
22	The above legislation is enforced by	
Answer		Finding/Observation
South Yo	orkshire Fire and Rescue Service	
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
23	Other key fire safety legislation (other than Building Regs 2000)	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Health at 1996	nd Safety (Safety Signs and Signals) Regulations	
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
24	The other legislation referred to above is enforced by	
Answer		Finding/Observation
The HSE		
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
25	Guidance used as applicable to premises and occupation	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Small & l	Medium Places of Assembly	
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
26	Is there an alteration or enforcement notice in force?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
No		None known or apparent.
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
27	Fire loss experience (since last FRA)	
Answer		Finding/Observation
No		None known or apparent.



### A. Electrical Ignition Sources

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
A1	Is the fixed electrical installation periodically inspected and tested, (include dates if known)?	5 year fixed wire testing in communal areas are on a 5 year schedule. These works are carried out by our partners. All certificates are stored on PIMSS and can be requested at any time from the electrical compliance officer. As and when rewires take place, emergency lighting is being fitted in the stairwells if required.
Answei	r	Finding/Observation
Yes		See policy principle.

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
A2	Is PAT testing in common areas carried out?	Carried out annually by partners on a rolling schedule.
Answer		Finding/Observation
No		Some portable electrical appliances are present, the majority of which had in date PAT labels attached. The hoover in the kitchenette cupboard was missed during the last Technicians visit and there are two new oil-filled electric portable radiators present that have not yet been PAT tested.

Action/Recommendation	Priority	Due Date
During the next programmed Technicians visit, PAT test these items.	Low	26/Jan/2024

#### Images

Image: A21





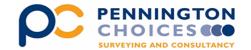


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Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
A3	Is there a policy for personal electrical appliances (consider restrictions of communal supply points such as outlets and T pin outlets)?	
Answei		Finding/Observation
N/A		This is not a residential premises and hirers are permitted to use the electrical sockets etc. to power equipment.

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
A4 Is the use of adapters and leads limited?		
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		Electrical extension leads were observed at the time of the premises survey, the use of which did not appear unreasonable and no significant issues were observed.



Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
A5	Are they any PV cells installed and do they have the appropriate isolation systems and signage to assist the fire and rescue service?	
Answe	r	Finding/Observation
N/A		There were no PV installations present at the time of the premises survey.



### **B. Smoking Policies**

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
B1	Are there suitable arrangements to prevent fire as a result from smoking?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		There is a 'No Smoking' policy in place for internal areas of the community centre.

#### **Images**

#### Image: B11



Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
B2	Is the policy being adhered to and are "No smoking" signs provided in the common areas?	
Answe	r	Finding/Observation
Yes		No evidence of in-door smoking observed with at the time of the premises survey.

#### Images

Image: B21





### C. Arson

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
C1	Are premises secure against arson by outsiders? (Please state how)	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		The assessor considers the area to be a normal risk in respect of arson. Key entry to the main entrance.

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
C2	Are bins secured or fire loading stored in a suitable location? (Please state bin type, location, if and how it is secured)	Blocks of flats that have issues with the storage of bins are waiting bin storage areas. A three year plan is in place to build bin storage areas for all flats with issues.
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		Commercial sized waste bins in a dedicated fenced off compound that is shared with the other occupancies. No significant issues were identified or other observations were made at the time of the premises survey.

#### Images

Image: C21





### D. Portable Heaters And Heating Installations

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
D1	If used, is the use of portable heaters regarded as safe?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		There are two new oil-filled electric portable radiators present that have not yet been PAT tested (see Question A2). These are considered by the assessor to be relatively low risk appliances.

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
D2	Are fixed heating systems maintained annually?	
Answe	er	Finding/Observation
Yes		There is a fixed heating system present, a gas boiler located in a cupboard off the main hall. It is understood that this is inspected and maintained by NPS under a service contract. All certificates are stored on PIMSS and can be requested at any time from the Fire Safety Officer. Any faults are dealt with on a 24-hour priority order.

#### Images

Image: D21





### E. Cooking

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
E1	Are reasonable measures in place to prevent fires as a result of cooking, including replacing filter(where necessary)?	
Answei	r	Finding/Observation
Yes		There is a kitchenette facility present. There is no cooker/cooker hood present, just normal day to day white goods such as a microwave etc. Kitchen areas were clean and tidy at the time of the premises survey.

#### Images

#### Image: E11





### F. Lightning

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
F1	Does the building have a lightning protection system?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		A lightning protection system was observed on the adjoining boiler room which is also under the control of Berneslai Homes. See the separate fire risk assessment.



### G. House-Keeping

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
G1	Are combustible materials kept away from any sources of ignition, including gas and electrical intake cupboards?	
Answe	er	Finding/Observation
Yes		No significant issues were identified or other observations were made at the time of the premises survey.
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
G2	Are the escape routes kept clear of items combustible materials or waste and free of any trip hazards?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		A high standard of housekeeping was present throughout and no significant issues were observed at the time of the premises survey.
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
G3	Are mobility scooters or electric vehicles stored in the means of escape?  If yes has an assessment been undertaken in line with the NFCC "Mobility Scooter Guidance for Residential Buildings"?	
Answe	er	Finding/Observation
N/A		



### H. Hazards Introduced By Contractors

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
H1	Is there satisfactory control over works carried out in the building by contractors (e.g. hot work permits)?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		Berneslai Homes provide maintenance of the premises and have a 'No Hot Works' policy, a safer alternative must be used. This also applies to external contractors.



### I. Dangerous Substances

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
I1	If dangerous substances are used, has a risk assessment been carried out as required by the Dangerous Substances and Explosives Atmospheres Regulations 2002 and are they stored correctly?	
Answe	r	Finding/Observation
N/A		There were no dangerous or flammable substances within the areas under assessment or in close proximity to the premises that could be readily observed at the time of the premises survey.



### J. Other Significant Hazards

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
J1	Are all issues deemed satisfactory? [1]	
Answer		Finding/Observation
N/A		
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
J2	Are all issues deemed satisfactory?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
N/A		



### K. Means Of Escape

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
K1	Is the escape route design deemed satisfactory? (Consider current design codes)	
Answe	er	Finding/Observation
Yes		Two directions of escape available from all areas. Travel distances are within those recommended within the DCLG Small and Medium Places of Assembly Guide.
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
K2	Is the fire-resisting construction (including any glazing) protecting escape routes and staircases of a suitable standard and maintained in sound condition?	
Answe	er	Finding/Observation
Yes		The only required fire compartment line is to separate the two escape routes. This is the wall separating the main hall from the reception area and separating the kitchenette from the main hall. No significant issues were identified or other observations were made at the time of the premises survey.
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
K3	Is there adequate provision of exits (including exit Widths) for the numbers who may be present?	
Answe	er	Finding/Observation
Yes		There are two emergency exit doors present, and both are approximately 850mm wide. The main entrance opens outward but has been disregarded for the purposes of this calculation (on the assumption that it is unavailable due to the location of the fire). The alternative emergency exit is the rear door in the kitchenette that opens inwards. As it opens inwards, the capacity is capped at 60 persons maximum based upon the figures within the DCLG Guide applicable. As the maximum number of persons that might be present currently is 18, there is a spare capacity for 32 persons.



Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
K4	Are doors on escape routes easily opened? (and are sliding or revolving doors avoided?)	
Answe	or	Finding/Observation
No		Although a key is required to enter via the main entrance or rear doors, one is not required to exit. Both these doors have thumb-turns present.

Action/Recommendation	Priority	Due Date
Both the main entrance and rear exit have chain security devices fitted. The rear exit, in addition to the thumb-turn, has a Yale type lock fitted. It is not considered that these additional mechanisms would delay evacuation for any significant length of time if occupants were aware of their presence; however, as it is considered bad practice to have to manipulate two separate mechanisms to open an emergency exit, the items mentioned should be removed. To secure the rear exit door when closing up, reliance should be placed on the handle at waist height with the thumb-turn mechanism fitted.	Low	26/Jan/2024

#### **Images**

#### Image: K41



Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
K5 Do final exits open in the direction of escape where necessary?		
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		Based upon the maximum occupancy of 18, which is less than 60 persons.

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
K6	Are travels distances satisfactory? (consider single direction and more than one direction, property risk profile and occupancy characteristics)	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		Two directions of escape available from all areas. Travel distances are within those recommended within the DCLG Small and Medium Places of Assembly Guide.

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
K7 Are there suitable precautions for all inner rooms?		
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		Inner rooms consist of small cupboards and small storerooms only, however, this is mitigated by the automatic fire detection in the outer rooms.



Ref.	Question	Policy Principles		
K8	Are escape routes separated where appropriate?			
Answei		Finding/Observation		
Yes		Subdivision of the fire compartments is provided. Originally fitted FD30 fire doors are present.		
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles		
K9	Are corridors sub-divided where appropriate?			
Answei		Finding/Observation		
Yes		Subdivision of the fire compartments is provided. Originally fitted FD30 fire doors are present.		
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles		
K10	Do escape routes lead to a place of safety?			
Answei	nswer Finding/Observation			
Yes		There are unrestricted directions of escape available.		
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles		
K11 Are the stairs and/or lobbies provided with adequate ventilation? (If considered satisfactory, please state  Annual service or AOV's carried out by partner on schedule. All certificates are stored on PIMSS and		Annual service or AOV's carried out by partner on a rolling schedule. All certificates are stored on PIMSS and can be requested at any time from the Fire Officer.		
Answei		Finding/Observation		
N/A		No stairways present.		
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles		
K12	Is there any other issues that could affect the means of escape, for example plastic conduit/loose cables not secured by fire rated fastening?			
Answei		Finding/Observation		
No		No significant issues were identified or other observations were made at the time of the premises survey.		



### L. Flat Entrance Doors

Question	Policy Principles
Are the sample inspection flat entrance door or doors in good condition and appropriately fire rated?	Flat fire doors are inspected every six months to check function of the door and highlight any maintenance requirements. All reports are available upon request from the Fire Safety Officer. Cross corridor doors are inspected every 3 months in High Rise Blocks and every six months in low rise blocks months to check function of the door and highlight any maintenance requirements. All reports are available upon request from the Fire Safety Officer.
	Finding/Observation  No flats present.
4	are the sample inspection flat entrance door or doors



### M. Common Area Fire Doors

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles		
M1	Are all common area fire door and frames in good condition and appropriately fire rated?	of the door and his reports are availal Cross corridor doo Blocks and every function of the doo	ghlight any maintenan ble upon request from ors are inspected ever six months in low rise or and highlight any m reports are available u	the Fire Safety Officer. y 3 months in High Rise blocks months to check aintenance
Answe	er	Finding/Observat	tion	
No		only fire doors red hall to reception do not have any come requirement for we Building Regulation intumescent cold assessor to be we the benefit due to distances to exit of have combined in doors appear to he that this pair of fire very large format spring loaded self doors were in good retro fitting a third warranted on the	abined intumescent collinions in 1992. Retro fitting smoke seals is not contained in the basis of the limited size of the doors. The main hall to attumescent cold smoke ave been replaced at the edoors do not have a steel hinges per fire doff-closing mechanisms. In the condition and self-closing is not considered basis of time/cost/effor	ette fire door and main kitchenette fire door does d smoke seals fitted, the a the amendments to the ang combined ansidered by the of time/cost/effort versus premises and escape of reception fire doors do e seals fitted, as the some point. It was noted third hinge, they have two poor that incorporate the As this pair of fire
Action/Recommendation		Priority	Due Date	
A self-closing device should be fitted to the kitchenette fire door. The holes in the kitchenette fire door should be repaired with materials providing a minimum of 30-minutes fire resistance. It is recommended that if a contractor is appointed to make the necessary repairs, they should be a passive fire protection specialist accredited by a UKAS third party scheme such as FIRAS, Q-MARK etc.		Medium	26/Apr/2023	

#### Images

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### N. Emergency Lighting

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles	
N1	If emergency lighting is provided, is the coverage sufficient and in good repair? (Internal and external)		
Answei	r	Finding/Observation	
Yes		The provision of emergency escape lighting was considered adequate.	

#### **Images**

Image: N11







Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
N2	If EL not provided, is borrowed/artificial lighting sufficient for escape? (Internal and external)	
Answei	r	Finding/Observation
N/A		



### O. Fire Safety Signs & Notices

Ref.	Question	<b>Policy Principles</b>		
O1	Is there adequate provision of visible fire safety signs and notices? (Consider directional, exits, stairs, fire action notices, Fire door keep shut, fire equipment and 'do not use lift' signage)			
Answer Finding/Observa		Finding/Observatio	ion	
No	No Emergency escape signage has been provided at a reasonablevel.		ed at a reasonable	
Action	Action/Recommendation		Priority	Due Date
Display and the state of the st			Low	26/ Jan/2024

Action/Recommendation	Priority	Due Date
Display green pictographic 'Turn to Open' signs next to the thumb-turn operating mechanisms on the main entrance and rear exit door. The arrow should indicate the direction of turn required to escape. Display 'Fire Door Keep Shut' signs on both sides of the main hall to reception fire doors and on both sides of the kitchenette fire door.	Low	26/Jan/2024

#### Images

#### Image: O11



Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
O2	Wayfinding Signage (buildings over 11 metres in height).  Are there clear markings for flat and floor recognition provided?	
Answei	r	Finding/Observation
N/A		



### P. Means Of Giving Warning In Case Of Fire

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
P1	Is a reasonable fire detection and fire alarm system provided in the common areas, where necessary?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		There is automatic fire detection present in the form of interlinked smoke alarms in the main hall and reception corridor and an interlinked heat alarm in the kitchenette. This is considered by the assessor to be a reasonable arrangement based on the modest size of the premises. Additionally, there are manual call points provided, these appear to be linked to the neighbouring care homes fire alarm system. Sounders with visual indicators are provided.

#### Images

Unknown

Image: P11



Image: P12



Ref.	Question	Policy Principles	
P2	If installed, is the common area AFD adequate for the occupancy and fire risk?		
Answe	er	Finding/Observation	
Yes			
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles	
P3	If not installed, are the premises deemed safe without a common area AFD system?		
Answe	er	Finding/Observation	
N/A			
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles	
P4	If there is a communal fire detection and fire alarm system, does it extend into the dwellings?		
Answe	er	Finding/Observation	
N/A			
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles	
P5	Where appropriate, has a fire alarm zone plan been provided?		
Answe	er	Finding/Observation	

There fire alarm control panel is not within any building under the

control of Berneslai Homes.



Ref.	Question	Policy Principles		
P6	Where appropriate, are there adequate arrangements for silencing and resetting an alarm condition?			
Answe	er	Finding/Observation		
Yes		The smoke/heat alarms are self-resetting.		
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles		
P7	If applicable, is a separate domestic hard-wired smoke/heat alarm within the flats installed to a suitable standard?			
Answe	er	Finding/Observation		
N/A				
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles		
P8	If applicable (Sheltered scheme) is the smoke detection within the flats monitored by an alarm receiving centre/on site scheme manager via a telecare system?			
Answer		Finding/Observation		
N/A				



### Q. Measures To Limit Fire Spread And Development

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles		
Q1	Is there adequate levels of compartmentation between floors and between flats and the common escape routes?			
Answe	r	Finding/Observation		
Yes		This Fire Risk Assessment should not be considered as fulfilling the requirements of a full fire compartmentation survey. Where defects were readily observable, any deficiencies will be commented upon. The general provision of fire compartmentation in the areas where access was possible was considered reasonable and no significant issues or observations were made at the time of the premises survey.		
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles		
Q2	Are hidden voids appropriately enclosed and/or fire-stopped? (consider above suspended ceilings)			
Answe	r	Finding/Observation		
Yes		There are suspended ceilings are present. Due to the non-destructive nature of a Type-3 fire risk assessment survey, the assessor cannot comment on 'hidden voids' etc. Where defects were readily observable, any deficiencies will be commented upon. The general provision of fire compartmentation in the areas where access was possible was considered reasonable and no significant issues or observations were made at the time of the premises survey.		
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles		
Q3	Is there adequately fire protected service risers and/or ducts in common areas, that will restrict the spread of fire and smoke?			
Answe	r	Finding/Observation		
N/A		None present at the time of the premises survey.		
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles		
Q4	Is compartmentation maintained in the roof space?			
Answe	r	Finding/Observation		
N/A		There does not appear to be a roof void, the underside of the roof is underdrawn with plasterboard and there is no access hatch present.		
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles		
Q5	Are electrics, including embedded meters, enclosed in fire rated construction?			
Answe	r	Finding/Observation		
Yes		Distribution boards are within the kitchenette cupboard.		



Ref.	Question	Policy Principles	
Q6	As far as can reasonably be ascertained, are fire dampers provided as necessary to protect critical means of escape against passage of fire, smoke and products of combustion in the early stages of a fire?		
Answer		Finding/Observation	
No		A full investigation of the design of heating, ventilation and air conditioning (HVAC) systems is outside the scope of this fire risk assessment. No fire dampers were observed during the premises survey.	

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles	
Q7	Is there reasonable limitation of linings to escape routes that might promote fire spread?		
Answer		Finding/Observation	
Yes		No significant issues were identified or other observations were made at the time of the premises survey.	

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles	
Q8 Are soft furnishings in common areas appropriate to limit fire spread/growth?			
Answer		Finding/Observation	
Yes		Some soft furnishings are present. Tested to BS5852. No significant issues were identified or other observations were made at the time of the premises survey.	

#### Images

#### Image: Q81



Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
Q9	Does the premises have any external balconies, cladding or materials which may promote external fire spread?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Unknown		This occupancy type is outside the scope of The Fire Safety Act 2021 and Fire Safety (England) Regulations 2022, which require a Fire Risk Appraisal of the External Walls (FRAEW) to be carried out. The assessor is bound by the terms of their indemnity insurance that forbids any consultations, determinations or recommendations regarding external wall systems. No further comments will be made in this matter, other than to state, at the time of the premises survey, there was no legal requirement to carry out an FRAEW of this premises.



Ref.	Question	Policy Principles		
Q10	Has a note been prepared of the external walls of the building and details of construction materials used?  Does the note include and identify the level of risk that the design and materials used?			
Answe	r	Finding/Observation		
Unkno	wn	Refer to Question Q9.		
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles		
Q11	Does the External wall note include any mitigating circumstances that may have been taken to reduce the risk?			
Answe	r	Finding/Observation		
Unkno	wn	Refer to Question Q9.		
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles		
Q12	Has the responsible person reviewed the external wall note on a regular basis and revised it if there have been any significant changes in the external walls.			
Answe	r	Finding/Observation		
Unknown		Refer to Question Q9.		
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles		
Q13	Are all other fire spread/compartmentation issues satisfactory?			
Answer		Finding/Observation		
Yes				



### R. Fire Extinguishing Appliances

Ref.	Question	Policy Principl	es	
R1	if required, is there reasonable provision of accessible portable fire extinguishers?			
Answe	r	Finding/Obser	vation	
Yes		the Responsibl although traine firefighting ope are labels pres	Fire extinguishers are provided in circulation spaces etc as per the Responsible Persons policy, however it is not expected that although trained, staff or community centre users would perform firefighting operations that might endanger themselves. There are labels present that clearly indicate that the extinguishers should only be used by trained persons.	
Action/Recommendation		,	Priority	Due Date
The carbon dioxide extinguisher in the main hall was missed during the last Technicians visit. During the next programmed fire extinguisher Technicians visit, ensure that they inspect/maintain this extinguisher.		· ·	Low	26/Jan/2024

#### Images

Image: R11





### S. Relevant Automatic Fire Extinguishing Systems

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
S1	Are there any automatic fire suppressant systems on site?	
Answe	er	Finding/Observation
No		
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
S2	Are there any fixed fire fighting mains within the premises?	
Answe	ur	Finding/Observation
No		
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
S3	If any other relevant systems / equipment is installed, state type of system and comment as necessary	
Answe	r	Finding/Observation
N/A		



## T. Procedures And Arrangements

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
T1 Recommended evacuation strategy for this building is		
Answer		Finding/Observation
Simultaneous Evacuation		It is considered that an adequate number of fire action notices are displayed.

#### Images

#### Image: T11



Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
T2	Has a competent person(s) been appointed to assist in undertaking the preventative and protective measures including in house checks?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		Ryan Beardshall - Fire Safety Officer, Berneslai Homes.

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
Т3	Are there appropriate documented fire safety arrangements and procedures in place in the event of fire?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		Fire action notices will suffice to inform occupants. As part of the contract of hire, a Berneslai Homes staff member will carry out a pre-hire walk round with a responsible representative from the hiring body. The housekeeping policy, fire procedure and operation of the emergency exits is explained/demonstrated during this walk round. Hirers sign the agreement to indicate acceptance of the information.

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
T4	Are there suitable arrangements for liasion and calling the Fire Service?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		It is considered that this would happen if the occupants are guided by the fire action notices and common knowledge.



Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
T5	Are there suitable fire assembly points away from any risk?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		The fire assembly point is designated and signed.

#### Images

#### Image: T51



Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
Т6	Are there adequate procedures in place for the evacuation of disabled people who are likely to be present?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		No significant changes in floor level internally or externally and ramps are present.
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
T7	Are staff nominated and trained on the use of fire extinguishing appliances?	
Answe	r	Finding/Observation
Yes		Answer refers to periods when Berneslai Homes staff are present. All employees receive fire safety awareness training at induction commensurate with their role and this is periodically refreshed as part of their ongoing general health and safety training. The training includes fire extinguisher identification however there is no expectation that employees would use these unless they felt that it was safe to do so. Records are maintained centrally. Although fire extinguishers are present, It should be borne in mind that hirer's are not legally required to use them or receive training in such matters.
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
Т8	Are staff nominated and trained to assist in evacuation (Where applicable e.g. Offices, supported schemes)?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		Berneslai Homes staff or hirers would assist if present. No significant changes in floor level internally or externally and

ramps are present.



## **U. Training**

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
U1	Do staff receive adequate induction and annual refresher fire safety training? (To include fire risks in the premises, fire safety measures in the building, action in the event of fire and on hearing alarm, location and use of fire extinguishers, calling the fire service)	
Answe	r	Finding/Observation
Yes		Answer refers to periods when Berneslai Homes staff are present. All employees receive fire safety awareness training at induction commensurate with their role and this is periodically refreshed as part of their ongoing general health and safety training. The training includes fire extinguisher identification however, there is no expectation that employees would use these unless they felt that it was safe to do so. Records are maintained centrally. Although fire extinguishers are present, It should be borne in mind that hirers are not legally required to use them or receive training in such matters.
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
U2	Are employees nominated to assist in the event of fire given additional training?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		Refer to Question T7 and U1.



## V. Testing And Maintenance

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
V1	Are all fire safety provisions for the building (AFD, Emergency Lighting, sprinklers etc.) routinely tested and maintained?	Six monthly service is carried out by partner on a rolling schedule. All certificates are stored on PIMSS and can be requested at any time from the Fire Officer. Weekly tests are carried out in house, records are kept but are sometimes not kept on site. The records of these tests can be requested anytime from the Fire Officer. Any faults are dealt with on a 24 hour priority order
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		In-house testing and recording of fire alarm, emergency escape lighting etc. is done by the locally employed Berneslai Homes staff members and a logbook is maintained. Refer to policy principle for annual/six monthly inspection and maintenance.



## W. Records

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
W1	Is all routine testing and staff training including fire drills suitably recorded and available for inspection?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		It is not considered reasonably practicable by the assessor for the staff to carry out fire drills during ad-hoc events, as the period of hire is typically for a short duration and the disruption caused is likely to be such that the hirers will want a refund. As part of the contract of hire, a staff member member will carry out a pre-hire walk round with a responsible representative from the hiring body. The housekeeping policy, fire procedure and operation of the emergency exits is explained/demonstrated during this walk round. Normally, two fire drills are carried out annually and the last recorded one was 17/01/2023.



## X. Premises Information Box

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
X1	Is a Premises Information Box located at the premises accessible to the Fire and Rescue Service, secure from unauthorised access and kept up to date?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
N/A		



## Y. Engagement With Residents

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
Y1	Has all Fire Safety information & procedures been disseminated to the residents?	
Answei	r	Finding/Observation
N/A		



## Z. Any Other Information

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
Z1	Are all issues deemed satisfactory? [1]	
Answe	er	Finding/Observation
Yes		This fire risk assessment has been performed by an IFE Registered assessor who is third-party licensed by the Engineering Council and is third-party accredited by UKAS. The submission of to the Responsible Person constitutes neither a warranty of future results by the assessor, nor an assurance against risk. This fire risk assessment represents the assessors best judgement, and due regard should be made to the Limitations Statements contained within this report.
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
Z2	Are all issues deemed satisfactory?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		



# ZAAR. Assessment Risk Ratings

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
ZAAR1	Likelihood of Fire Low: Unusually low likelihood of fire as a result of negligible potential sources of ignition. Medium: Normal fire hazards (e.g. potential ignition sources) for this type of occupancy, with fire hazards generally subject to appropriate controls (other than minor shortcomings). High: Lack of adequate controls applied to one or more significant fire hazards, such as to result in significant increase in likelihood of fire	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Medium		

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
ZAAR2	Potential Consequences of Fire Slight harm: Outbreak of fire unlikely to result in serious injury or death of any occupant. Moderate harmful: Outbreak of fire could foreseeably result in injury (including serious injury) of one or more occupants, but it is unlikely to involve multiple fatalities. Extreme harm: Significant potential for serious injury or death of one or more occupants likely to involve multiple fatalities	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Slight Harm		

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
ZAAR3	Premises Risk Rating Trivial: No action is required and no detailed records need be kept Tolerable: No major additional controls required. However, there might be a need for improvements that involve minor or limited cost. Moderate: It is essential that efforts are made to	
	reduce the risk. Risk reduction measures should be implemented within a defined time period. Where moderate risk is associated with consequences that constitute extreme harm, further assessment might be required to establish more precisely the likelihood of harm as a basis for determining the	
	priority for improved control measures. Substantial: Considerable resources might have to be allocated to reduce the risk. If the building is unoccupied, it should not be occupied until the risk has been reduced. If the building is occupied, urgent action should be taken. Intolerable: Building (or relevant area) should not be occupied until the risk is reduced	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Tolerabl	e	

Ref. Question F		Policy Principles
ZAAR4	On satisfactory completion of all remedial works the risk rating of this building may be reduced to:	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Tolerable		



# The whole premises was s

## 1.Inspection Details

11	Has a Type 3 dwelling survey been performed?	Yes
12	Which flat number was accessed?	The whole premises was surveyed.
13	Is there appropriate detection in place?	Yes

#### 2.What Detection Is In Place?

21	Mains Smoke Detector in Hall	Yes
22	Main Smoke Detector in Lounge	Yes
23	Mains Heat Detector in Kitchen	Yes
24	Main Detection in Bedroom(s)	N/A
25	Battery Smoke in hall	N/A
26	Link Heat detector in hall	N/A
27	Other	Yes

#### 3.General

31	If on the ground or 1st floors, is there secondary means of escape from each habitable room? Door or window of at least 0.33m2 with no single dimension	Yes
32	smaller than 450mm.  Does the layout of the flat meet the relevant Building Regulations (Travel distance, protected entrance hall, alternative escape etc.?)	N/A
33	Are there any extraction fans that are not vented directly to an external wall?	No
34	Are there any missing internal doors?	No
35	Is the fixed electrical test in date?	Yes
36	Are there any signs of hoarding?	No
37	Is the cooker in a safe position?	N/A
38	Assessor's Miscellaneous Comments or observations - please consider compartmentation within the flat or any tenant alterations?	None.

#### **Limitations Statement**

The purpose of the fire risk assessment is solely to provide an assessment of the risk to life from fire, and, where appropriate, to make recommendations to reduce the risk to life from fire. This assessment does not address fire risks to property or business continuity.

Under Article 5(4) of the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005 or other devolved equivalent regional legislation and relevant United Kingdom law, we have been appointed to provide advice to the Responsible Person only. We have no control over any part of the premises covered within this fire risk assessment, and we have no responsibility for undertaking any of the recommendations made. The assessment is intended to assist the Responsible Person to comply with their responsibilities under the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005.

Any policy principles included within this Fire Risk Assessment have been provided by the responsible person or their representative and been added in good faith. We cannot take responsibility for the accuracy of the policy principles with regard to the client's internal policies, British Standards or codes of practice.

Any test certificates supplied as part of the Fire Risk Assessment process will be considered but we take no responsibility or liability whatsoever is accepted for the accuracy of such information supplied by others.

The findings of the fire risk assessment will be based upon the conditions found at the Premises at the time the assessment is to be carried out and on relevant information provided by the Responsible Person or others either prior to, during or after the Fire Risk Assessment of the premises.

We consider the External Wall System as part of the Fire Risk Assessment process; however, we take no responsibility for a fire risk appraisal of external wall construction on existing buildings and work to the guidance and limitations detailed in PAS 9980:2022 0.2 Fire risk assessments. Any information supplied to the Fire Risk Assessor is taken in good faith and we accept no responsibility for the accuracy of the information supplied.

No responsibility is accepted for any change in the conditions or circumstances prior after the Fire Risk Assessment has been undertaken.

It is stressed that the assessment should not be regarded as a structural survey for fire safety purposes as such a survey should only be entrusted to a qualified building surveyor.

The Fire Risk Assessment did not involve destructive exposure (Unless specifically requested as part of a contractual arrangement), and therefore it is not always possible to survey less readily accessible areas. It is, therefore, necessary to rely on a degree of sampling and reasonable assumptions and judgements.

All services or penetrations traversing fire resisting compartments are not confirmed as being sufficiently fire stopped with fire resisting material to the appropriate standard. If fire compartments\fire dampers\voids (ceilings, floors or other voids) are considered inaccessible for safety reasons or any other reason and cannot be physically accessed or are outside the visual range of the assessor, technical comment on these areas cannot be provided.

This fire risk assessment will not necessarily identify all minor fire-stopping issues that might exist within the building and should be considered to be a sample of fire compartmentation. Unless a full fire compartmentation survey is contractually included within the scope of the assessment.

If there are reasons to suspect the fire resistance within the Premises has not been sufficiently maintained the responsibility to provide this technical information rests with the Responsible Person\duty holder.

This fire risk assessment will not necessarily identify all minor fire door issues that might exist within the building and should be considered a sample of fire doors. Unless a full fire door survey is contractually included within the scope of the assessment.

A full investigation of the design of heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC) systems is outside the scope of this fire risk assessment.

Although reference in the report may be made to relevant British Standards, Codes of Practice and Guides the assessment will not, nor is it intended to, ensure compliance with any of the documents referred to in the assessment. However, deviations from generally accepted codes, standards and universally recognised good fire safety practice will be identified in the assessment

Where an emergency escape lighting system is present, comments are based upon a visual assessment of the system coverage and condition, but no illuminance tests or verification of the installation to the relevant British Standards were carried out.

Where a fire alarm system is present, comments are based upon a visual assessment, but no audibility tests or verification of full compliance with the relevant British Standards were carried out.

Where manual firefighting equipment is present, comments are based upon a visual assessment, but no verification of full compliance with the relevant British Standards or codes of practice were carried out.

It is the expectation that any reference to the testing and maintenance of passive or active fire protection systems within the premises are undertaken to the relevant current British Standards, Codes of Practice and Guides it is the responsible person's duty to ensure this is undertaken.

There will be a brief review of procedures at the time of this fire risk assessment. An in-depth review of documentation is outside the scope of this fire risk assessment, unless otherwise stated in the contract.

The report will highlight the Significant Findings (Split into Recommendations and Action(s)) that the Fire Risk Assessor found at the time of the assessment.

It is the responsibility of the Responsible Person to ensure that any deficiencies found during the assessment and subsequently reported to the Responsible Person, by the report or other means, are their responsibility to rectify to a satisfactory standard to meet the requirements of the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005.

It is wholly the responsibility of the Responsible Person and/or their agent to implement and maintain the Fire Precautions at the Premises to a satisfactory standard and condition to comply with the requirements of the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005.

Failure to address and/or rectify any deficiencies mentioned in the report may result in serious harm, injury and or death to any relative person, employee, visitor, you or any other person in, on, within or without the perimeter of the Premises.

Failure to address any of the deficiencies highlighted in the report may be considered to be a breach of the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005 and may result in prosecution by the enforcing authority.

Responsibility for the ongoing management of the Premises and even, if necessary, the decision to allow the Premises to be used for their present purpose, and in the current condition remains with the Responsible Person.

Responsibility for management procedures regarding, evacuation management, and maintenance of firefighting equipment, Fire alarms systems, emergency escape lighting, and any other emergency-related provisions remains a duty of the responsible person, not the fire risk assessor as this is not within their control.

Any faults or deficiencies in any emergency emergency-related staffing levels and\or staff training are the responsibility of the Responsible Person and\or the duty holder.

Portable or moveable items and items brought into the Premises are the responsibility of the Responsible Person and\or the duty holder.

It is recommended that the Assessment is reviewed annually or when there is a significant change, material alteration, change in the use of the Premises, a change in working practices, or following any incident, including fire, which may affect the Fire Precautions of the Premises.

The circumstances of the Premises may change over time and with use and\or occupancy, therefore, failure to review the fire risk assessment by the date indicated may mean that the fire risk assessment is no longer valid.

This Fire Risk Assessment is not a Health and Safety Report. A Health and Safety review should be conducted to ensure compliance with the Health and Safety at Work Act 1974.

Compliance with all other legislation is the responsibility of the Responsible Person. We accept no responsibility for loss, damage or other liability arising from a fire, loss and\or injury due to the failure to observe the safety, observance and practises identified in the Assessment

The Responsible Person will always remain responsible for the outcome of the Fire Risk Assessment and\or its review. This includes the accuracy of details contained within this report.

By signing for, by payment for services or acknowledgement of receipt of the report you accept full responsibility and accountability for implementing the findings of the report.

## **Risk Rating**



The following simple risk level estimator is based on a more general health and safety risk level estimator of the type contained in BS 8800:

Likeliha ed of fire	Potential consequences of fire			
Likelihood of fire	Slight Harm	Moderate Harm	Extreme Harm	
Low	Trivial	Tolerable	Moderate	
Medium	Tolerable	Moderate	Substantial	
High	Moderate	Substantial	Intolerable	

Taking into account the fire prevention measures observed at the time of this risk assessment, it is considered that the hazard from fire (likelihood of fire) at these premises is:

Medium

In this context, a definition of the above terms is as follows:

Low: Unusually low likelihood of fire as a result of negligible potential sources of ignition.

**Medium:** Normal fire hazards (e.g. potential ignition sources) for this type of occupancy, with fire hazards generally subject to appropriate controls (other than minor shortcomings).

High: Lack of adequate controls applied to one or more significant fire hazards, such as to result in significant increase in likelihood of fire

Taking into account the nature of the building and occupants, as well as the fire protection and procedural arrangements observed at the time of this fire risk assessment, it is considered that the consequences for life safety in the event of fire would be:

Slight Harm

In this context, a definition of the above terms is as follows:

Slight harm: Outbreak of fire unlikely to result in serious injury or death of any occupant.

**Moderate harmful:** Outbreak of fire could foreseeably result in injury (including serious injury) of one or more occupants, but it is unlikely to involve multiple fatali-ties.

Extreme harm: Significant potential for serious injury or death of one or more occupants likely to involve multiple fatalities.

Accordingly, it is considered that the risk to life from fire at these premises is:

Tolerable

A suitable risk-based control plan should involve effort and urgency that is proportional to risk. The following risk-based control plan is based on one advocated by BS 8800 for general health and safety risks:

Risk Level	Action and time table					
Trivial	No action is required and no detailed records need be kept.					
Tolerable	Tolerable  No major additional controls required. However, there might be a need for improvements that involve minor or limited cost.					
Moderate	It is essential that efforts are made to reduce the risk. Risk reduction measures should be implemented within a defined time period. Where moderate risk is associated with consequences that constitute extreme harm, further assessment might be required to establish more precisely the likelihood of harm as a basis for determining the priority for improved control measures.					
Substantial	Considerable resources might have to be allocated to reduce the risk. If the building is unoccupied, it should not be occupied until the risk has been reduced. If the building is occupied, urgent action should be taken.					
Intolerable	Building (or relevant area) should not be occupied until the risk is reduced.					

(Note that, although the purpose of this section is to place the risk in context, the above approach to fire risk assessment is subjective and for guidance only. All hazards and deficiencies identified in this report should be addressed by implementing all recommendations contained in the following action plan. The fire risk assessment should be reviewed regularly.)





# Life Safety Fire Risk Assessment Certificate of Conformity

This certificate is issued by the organization named in Part 1 of the schedule in respect of fire risk assessment provided for the person(s) or organization named in Part 2 of the schedule at the premises and / or part of the premises identified in Part 3 of the schedule.

#### Schedule:

Scriedule.	
Part 1a	Name & Address of Certified Organisation:
	Pennington Choices, Broofield House, Grimsditch Lane, WA4 4EA
Part 1b	BAFE registration number of issuing Certified Organization:
	102119
Part 1c	SSAIB 3rd Party Certificate Number:
	CHES077
Part 2	Name of Client:
	Amanda Garrard - Chief Executive
Part 3a	Address of premises for which the fire risk assessment was carried out:
	Dog Hill Communal Centre Sceptone Grove, Shafton, Barnsley, S72 8NP
Part 3b	Part or parts of the premises to which the fire risk assessment applies:
	Main hall, kitchenette and reception area.
Part 4	Brief description of the scope and purpose of the fire risk assessment:
	Life Safety (as per agreed Specification)
Part 4b	Limitations of FRA:
	See Limitation Statement
Part 5	Effective date of the fire risk assessment:
	16/01/2023
Part 6	Recommended date for reassessment of the premises:
	16/01/2025
Part 7	Unique reference number of this certificate:
	115555

Signed for and on behalf of the issuing Certificated Organization:

James Hutton

Dated: 1/26/2023

# **Appendix 1. Action Details**

Ref.	Category	Priority	Comments	Recommendation	Quantity	To Be Completed By	Photo Ref.
A2	ELECTRICAL IGNITION SOURCES	Low	Some portable electrical appliances are present, the majority of which had in date PAT labels attached. The hoover in the kitchenette cupboard was missed during the last Technicians visit and there are two new oil-filled electric portable radiators present that have not yet been PAT tested.	During the next programmed Technicians visit, PAT test these items.		26/01/2024	A21, A22, A23
B1	SMOKING POLICIES	No Timescale	There is a 'No Smoking' policy in place for internal areas of the community centre.	Consideration should be given to relocating the smokers materials waste receptacle which is immediately outside the main entrance. It is suggested that one of the other walls along this elevation would be more appropriate.			B11
K4	MEANS OF ESCAPE	Low	Although a key is required to enter via the main entrance or rear doors, one is not required to exit. Both these doors have thumb-turns present.	Both the main entrance and rear exit have chain security devices fitted. The rear exit, in addition to the thumb-turn, has a Yale type lock fitted. It is not considered that these additional mechanisms would delay evacuation for any significant length of time if occupants were aware of their presence; however, as it is considered bad practice to have to manipulate two separate mechanisms to open an emergency exit, the items mentioned should be removed. To secure the rear exit door when closing up, reliance should be placed on the handle at waist height with the thumb-turn mechanism fitted.		26/01/2024	K41

	COMMON AREA FIRE DOORS	Mariliana	All Control of The Co	A 15 h i h i h i h i h i h i h i h	00/04/0000 1444
M1	COMMON AREA FIRE DOORS	Medium	All fire doors were surveyed. The assessor considers that the only fire doors required are the kitchenette fire door and main hall to reception double fire doors. The kitchenette fire door does not have any combined intumescent cold smoke seals fitted, the requirement for which was introduced in the amendments to the Building Regulations in 1992. Retro fitting combined intumescent cold smoke seals is not considered by the assessor to be warranted on the basis of time/cost/effort versus the benefit due to the limited size of the premises and escape distances to exit doors. The main hall to reception fire doors do have combined intumescent cold smoke seals fitted, as the doors appear to have been replaced at some point. It was noted that this pair of fire doors do not have a third hinge, they have two very large format steel hinges per fire door that incorporate the spring loaded self-closing mechanisms. As this pair of fire doors were in good condition and self-closed without issue, retro fitting a third hinge is not considered by the assessor to be warranted on the basis of time/cost/effort versus the	A self-closing device should be fitted to the kitchenette fire door. The holes in the kitchenette fire door should be repaired with materials providing a minimum of 30-minutes fire resistance. It is recommended that if a contractor is appointed to make the necessary repairs, they should be a passive fire protection specialist accredited by a UKAS third party scheme such as FIRAS, Q-MARK etc.	26/04/2023 M11
			by the assessor to be warranted on the basis of time/cost/effort versus the benefit due to the limited size of the premises and escape distances to exit doors.		
01	FIRE SAFETY SIGNS & NOTICES	Low	Emergency escape signage has been provided at a reasonable level.	Display green pictographic 'Turn to Open' signs next to the thumb-turn operating mechanisms on the main entrance and rear exit door. The arrow should indicate the direction of turn required to escape. Display 'Fire Door Keep Shut' signs on both sides of the main hall to reception fire doors and on both sides of the kitchenette fire door.	26/01/2024 O11

Recommendation

To Be Completed By

Photo Ref.

Quantity

Category

Priority

Comments

Ref. Category Priority Comments Recommendation Quantity To Be Completed By Photo Ref. 26/01/2024 R11 R1 FIRE EXTINGUISHING Low Fire extinguishers are provided in The carbon dioxide extinguisher in the main **APPLIANCES** circulation spaces etc as per the hall was missed during the last Technicians Responsible Persons policy, however visit. During the next programmed fire it is not expected that although trained, extinguisher Technicians visit, ensure that staff or community centre users would they inspect/maintain this extinguisher. perform firefighting operations that

might endanger themselves. There are labels present that clearly indicate that the extinguishers should only be

used by trained persons.