

FIRE RISK ASSESSMENT

PROPERTY ASSESSED:

Maltas Court Worsbrough Dale

Barnsley

South Yorkshire

S70 4QG



UPRN: AU77001C

Inspection Date: 09/01/2023 **Validation Date:** 23/01/2023

Valid to: 23/01/2025

FRA completed by: Pennington Choices FRA Completed For: Berneslai Homes

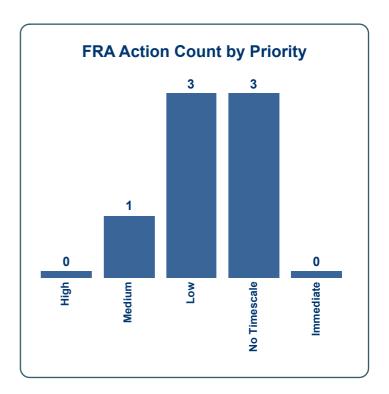


Executive Summary





FRA Action by 1	Гуре
Recommendations:	3
Actions:	4
Actions:	4



Premises Risk Rating: Tolerable

Reassessment Priority: Medium - 2 Years

Recommended evacuation strategy for this building is: Simultaneous Evacuation

On satisfactory completion of all remedial works the risk rating of this building may be reduced to:: Tolerable

FRA - Summary

Validator's Signature:

Responsible Person	Amanda Garrard - Chief Executive	
Property Designation	Community Centre	
Management Extent	Partially Managed Building - Manager or Senior Staff not onsite regularly	
No of Floors	2	
No of Flats (if applicable)	0	
Ground floor Area (m2)	200	
Total Area of all floors (m2)	400	

FRA Completed By:	Grant Barker
FRA Type:	Type 3
QA Validation Date:	23/01/2023
QA Carried Out By:	Jack McLinden



Medium 1

Ref.	Category	Priority	Complete By
Z1	Any Other Information	Medium	23/Apr/2023

Finding/Observation

The assessor surveyed the whole building as all they were given was an address. Subsequent enquiries regarding the areas/scope of this fire risk assessment were made but remain unanswered as of 18/01/2023. As the assessor is bound by Article 9 of the FSO2005 to record their significant findings as soon as practicable after the assessment is made and it is considered by the assessor that sufficient time has now passed that a timely response will not be received. Note, in the interim waiting period, the assessor was sent a list of addresses and contact details for communal buildings and the list describes Maltas Court as a 'communal centre with a laundry'.

Action/Recommendation

Based on the information available, it is considered reasonable by the assessor that the fire risk assessment for Maltas Court is confined to the ground floor community centre only, and does not encompass the first floor HMO Offices or the two adjacent residential blocks of flats. This would be in-line with Berneslai Homes policy whereby two or more different occupancies in the same building/same gated areas have separate fire risk assessments performed. If this does not turn out to be correct, the assessor should be informed so that they can update this fire risk assessment.



Low 4

Ref.	Ref. Category		Priority	Complete By
A2 Electrical Ignition Sources		Low	23/Jan/2024	
Finding/Observation		Action/Recommendation		
Some portable electrical appliances are present, the majority of which had in date PAT labels attached. There is a new fan heater present that has not yet been PAT tested.			n heater will be retained (see next programmed Techniciar	

Image: A21



Ref.	Category		Priority	Complete By
K12	Means Of Escape		Low	23/Jan/2024
Finding/Observation Action/Recommendation		n		
	extensive use of plastic conduit throughout the outes and circulation spaces.	ensure that escape route residents and the Fire ar fire. Following the fatalitic recommendation in the s now requires that wiring premature collapse. This conduit in a buildings escape the method of supporting	671 includes a new regulation as were as safe as possible for a Rescue Service in the every es of two firefighters in 2010 as subsequent coroner's report, it is systems should not be liable includes all cables inside placape routes. Further investigate the cabling within the plastic at the supports used to hold the formable (e.g. plastic).	or nt of a and a BS 7671 to astic ation of c conduit

Image: K121





Ref.	Ref. Category		Priority	Complete By
01	O1 Fire Safety Signs & Notices		Low	23/Jan/2024
Finding/Observation		Action/Recommendation		
Emergency escape signage has been provided at a reasonable level.		thumb-turn operating me	nic 'Turn to Open' signs next to chanisms on the main entran should indicate the direction	ce and

Image: O11









No Timescale		
No Timescale		

Ref.	Category		Priority	Complete By
D1	Portable Heaters And Heating Installations		No Timescale	
Finding/Observation		Action/Recommendation		
There is a new fan heater present that has not yet been PAT tested.			given to replacing the fan he e radiators which are conside le heating appliances.	

Ref. Category		Priority	Complete By	
F1	F1 Lightning		No Timescale	
Finding/Observation Action/Recommendation				
			nt undertake a risk assessme if lightning protection is requ	



Ref.	Ref. Category		Priority	Complete By
T1	T1 Procedures And Arrangements		No Timescale	
Finding/Observation		Action/Recommendation	n	
are disp some vo be used most lik the first to the fi should of assessor compro are three	sidered that an adequate number of fire action notices played. It was noted that the fire action notices contain ery unusual advice, that fire extinguishers should only if your means of escape is compromised. This was ely for the benefit of Berneslai Homes staff who occupy floor, but is contradictory to the signage displayed next are extinguishers that states that the fire extinguishers only be used by 'trained staff'. As it is very difficult for the forto imagine how the means of escape could be mised at ground floor level in a building when there e separate distinct emergency exits available, it is needed that the fire action notice provision is reviewed.	areas of the building and the current fire action no the fire extinguishers is p considers that one, unified appropriate that does no	rsons that would occupy the of determine whether the state tices that contradict the signal providing sound advice. The aled fire action notice would be to contain statements regarding e community centre is used a present.	ment in ge next to issessor more g fire

Image: T11





Reassessment Priority	Medium - 2 Years
Responsible Person	Amanda Garrard - Chief Executive
BAFE Cert	CHES077

General Information

UPRN	AU77001C
Address	Maltas Court Worsbrough Dale Barnsley South Yorkshire
Postcode	S70 4QG
Fire Risk Assessor	Grant Barker
Date of Inspection	09/01/2023
Checked by	Jack McLinden
Reassessment Date	09/01/2025

General Information

Property Designation	Community Centre
Property Type	Public Building
No of Floors	2
No of Flats (if applicable)	0
Ground floor area (m2)	200
Total area of all floors	400
Building Description	The premises is a community centre for local residents and occupies the ground floor only. It is thought that it was opened in the late 1970s. There is a pitched tiled roof structure. There are no passenger lifts present. There is level access at the front and rear exit doors. The first floor is a Berneslai Homes Housing Management Office.
Building Construction	The ground floor is ground bearing concrete. The ceilings are underdrawn with plasterboard/plaster skim. From visual observation only from the ground floor level, the exposed surface of external walls gives the appearance of masonry construction with uPVC spandrel panels.
Extent of common areas	Main hall, small hall, laundry, kitchen and reception area.
Areas of the building to which access was not available	The whole of the premises was surveyed; however, refer to Question Z1.
If applicable state which flats were sample inspected	N/A the premises is not residential.



1. The Occupants

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
10	Management Extent	
Answer	•	Finding/Observation
Partially regularly	Managed Building - Manager or Senior Staff not onsite y	
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
11	Details of any onsite management (hours onsite etc.)	
Answer		Finding/Observation
commu	ai Homes employees are normally present at this nity centre for a limited number of hours during the hen hosting events such as bingo etc.	
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
12	Person managing fire safety in premises	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Ryan Be	eardshall - Fire Safety Officer, Berneslai Homes.	
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
13	Person consulted during the fire risk assessment	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Gillian J (Bernes	lenkins slai Homes) - via telephone on the 18/01/2023.	
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
14	Number of occupants (maximum estimated)	
Answer		Finding/Observation
	e community centre including employees. The es is not licensed for the consumption of alcohol.	
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
15	Approximate maximum number of employees at any one time	
Answer		Finding/Observation
2.		
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
16	Number of members of the public (maximum estimated)	
Answer		Finding/Observation
28.		



Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
17	Identify any people who are especially at risk: - sleeping occupants - disabled occupants - occupants in remote areas and lone workers - young persons - others	
Answe	r	Finding/Observation
for peo such the physical popular childre centre	a community centre facility and the facility is provided ple in the locality to hold events and club meetings. As were may be occupants with varying degrees of al/mental impairment in-line with the general tion. It is likely that there will be young persons and in present on different days (it was confirmed that the can be hired for Cub's meetings etc). Lone working is a lity, but it is considered that remote working is not likely are n	



2. Fire Safety Legislation

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
21	The following fire safety legislation applies to these premises	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Regulato	ory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005	
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
22	The above legislation is enforced by	
Answer		Finding/Observation
South Yo	orkshire Fire and Rescue Service	
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
23	Other key fire safety legislation (other than Building Regs 2000)	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Health at 1996	nd Safety (Safety Signs and Signals) Regulations	
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
24	The other legislation referred to above is enforced by	
Answer		Finding/Observation
The HSE		
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
25	Guidance used as applicable to premises and occupation	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Small & l	Medium Places of Assembly	
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
26	Is there an alteration or enforcement notice in force?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
No		None known or apparent.
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
27	Fire loss experience (since last FRA)	
Answer		Finding/Observation
No		None known or apparent.



A. Electrical Ignition Sources

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
A1	Is the fixed electrical installation periodically inspected and tested, (include dates if known)?	5 year fixed wire testing in communal areas are on a 5 year schedule. These works are carried out by our partners. All certificates are stored on PIMSS and can be requested at any time from the electrical compliance officer. As and when rewires take place, emergency lighting is being fitted in the stairwells if required.
Answer	•	Finding/Observation
Yes		5 year fixed wire testing in communal areas are tested/inspected on a 5 year schedule. These works are carried out by Berneslai Homes service partners. All certificates are stored on PIMSS and can be requested at any time from the Electrical Compliance Officer.

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
A2	Is PAT testing in common areas carried out?	Carried out annually by partners on a rolling schedule.
Answer		Finding/Observation
No		Some portable electrical appliances are present, the majority of which had in date PAT labels attached. There is a new fan heater present that has not yet been PAT tested.

Action/Recommendation	Priority	Due Date
If it is decided that this fan heater will be retained (see Question D1), during the next programmed Technicians visit, PAT test this item.	Low	23/Jan/2024

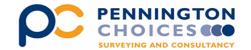
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Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
A3	Is there a policy for personal electrical appliances (consider restrictions of communal supply points such as outlets and T pin outlets)?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
N/A		This is not a residential premises and hirers are permitted to use the electrical sockets etc to power equipment.

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
A4	Is the use of adapters and leads limited?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		Electrical extension leads were observed at the time of the premises survey, the use of which did not appear unreasonable and no significant issues were observed.



Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
A5	Are they any PV cells installed and do they have the appropriate isolation systems and signage to assist the fire and rescue service?	
Answe	r	Finding/Observation
N/A		There were no PV installations present at the time of the premises survey.



B. Smoking Policies

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
B1	Are there suitable arrangements to prevent fire as a result from smoking?	
Answei	•	Finding/Observation
Yes		There is a 'No Smoking' policy in place for internal areas of the community centre.

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
B2	Is the policy being adhered to and are "No smoking" signs provided in the common areas?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		No evidence of in-door smoking observed with at the time of the premises survey.
Images		



Image: B21



C. Arson

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
C1	Are premises secure against arson by outsiders? (Please state how)	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		The assessor considers the area to be a normal risk in respect of arson. Fob entry to the main entrance.

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
C2	Are bins secured or fire loading stored in a suitable location? (Please state bin type, location, if and how it is secured)	Blocks of flats that have issues with the storage of bins are waiting bin storage areas. A three year plan is in place to build bin storage areas for all flats with issues.
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		Domestic wheelie bins in a dedicated walled compound. No significant issues were identified or other observations were made at the time of the premises survey.

Images

Image: C21





D. Portable Heaters And Heating Installations

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
D1	If used, is the use of portable heaters regarded as safe?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
No		There is a new fan heater present that has not yet been PAT tested.
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
D2	Are fixed heating systems maintained annually?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
N/A		It appears that the boiler is in a different occupancy. Also see J1.



E. Cooking

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
E1	Are reasonable measures in place to prevent fires as a result of cooking, including replacing filter(where necessary)?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		There is a kitchen facility present. There is a cooker, but no cooker hood present, just a wall mounted extraction fan. Kitchen areas were clean and tidy at the time of the premises survey.

Images

Image: E11



Image: E12





F. Lightning

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
F1	Does the building have a lightning protection system?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
No		A lightning protection system was not observed.



G. House-Keeping

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
G1	Are combustible materials kept away from any sources of ignition, including gas and electrical intake cupboards?	
Answe	er	Finding/Observation
Yes		No significant issues were identified or other observations were made at the time of the premises survey.
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
G2	Are the escape routes kept clear of items combustible materials or waste and free of any trip hazards?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		A high standard of housekeeping was present throughout and no significant issues were observed at the time of the premises survey.
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
G3	Are mobility scooters or electric vehicles stored in the means of escape? If yes has an assessment been undertaken in line with the NFCC "Mobility Scooter Guidance for Residential Buildings"?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
N/A		



H. Hazards Introduced By Contractors

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
H1	Is there satisfactory control over works carried out in the building by contractors (e.g. hot work permits)?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		Berneslai Homes provide maintenance of the premises and have a 'No Hot Works' policy, a safer alternative must be used. This also applies to external contractors.



I. Dangerous Substances

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
I1	If dangerous substances are used, has a risk assessment been carried out as required by the Dangerous Substances and Explosives Atmospheres Regulations 2002 and are they stored correctly?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
N/A		There were no dangerous or flammable substances within the areas under assessment or in close proximity to the premises that could be readily observed at the time of the premises survey.



J. Other Significant Hazards

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
J1	Are all issues deemed satisfactory? [1]	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		There is a laundry present. Dryer lint filters were clean at the time of the premises survey. Unusually there are two gas fires present in the main hall. These had guards fitted around them. It is understood that the heating systems are inspected and maintained by NPS under a service contract. All certificates are stored on PIMSS and can be requested at any time from the Fire Safety Officer. Any faults are dealt with on a 24 hour priority order.

Images

Image: J11



Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
J2	Are all issues deemed satisfactory?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		



K. Means Of Escape

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
K1	Is the escape route design deemed satisfactory? (Consider current design codes)	
Answe	r	Finding/Observation
Yes		Three directions of escape available from all areas, with the exception of the main hall where initially two directions of escape are available. If exiting the main hall towards the reception, a further two directions of escape become available after a short distance. Travel distances are within those recommended within the DCLG Small and Medium Places of Assembly Guide.
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
K2	Is the fire-resisting construction (including any glazing) protecting escape routes and staircases of a suitable standard and maintained in sound condition?	
Answe	r	Finding/Observation
Yes		There is one fire compartment line present to separate the escape routes. This is the wall separating the main hall from the reception area. There is also a short corridor containing the kitchen, but the rooms within it (with the exception of the kitchen) are within the same fire compartment as the main hall. Fire resisting construction is also provided around the kitchen and laundry, which are higher fire risk areas. No significant issues were identified or other observations were made at the time of the premises survey.
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
K3	Is there adequate provision of exits (including exit Widths) for the numbers who may be present?	
Answe	r	Finding/Observation
Yes		There are three emergency exit doors present, and all are approximately 850mm wide. All exit doors open outwards. Discounting the main hall dedicated fire exit door for the purposes of this calculation (on the assumption that it is unavailable due to the location of the fire), there is emergency exit capacity of 240 persons. Based upon the figures within the DCLG Guide applicable, as the maximum number of persons that might be present currently in the community centre is 30 and the number of staff present in the first floor HMO Offices is likely to be 12 maximum, there is a spare capacity for 198 persons.



Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
K4 Are doors on escape routes easily opened? (and are sliding or revolving doors avoided?)		
Answer	•	Finding/Observation
Yes		Although a fob is required to enter via the main entrance or rear doors, one is not required to exit. Both these doors have thumb-turns present. The dedicated fire exit in the main hall is push-bar operated.

Images

Image: K41



Image: K42



Ref.	Question	Policy Principles	
K5	Do final exits open in the direction of escape where necessary?		
Answe	or	Finding/Observation	
Yes		Based upon the maximum occupancy calculations carried out.	
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles	
K6 Are travels distances satisfactory? (consider single direction and more than one direction, property risk profile and occupancy characteristics)			
Answe	r	Finding/Observation	
Yes		Three directions of escape available from all areas, with the exception of the main hall where initially two directions of escape are available. If exiting the main hall towards the reception, a further two directions of escape become available after a short distance. Travel distances are within those recommended within the DCLG Small and Medium Places of Assembly Guide.	
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles	
K7	Are there suitable precautions for all inner rooms?		
Answe	er	Finding/Observation	
N/A		None present.	
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles	
K8	Are escape routes separated where appropriate?		
Answe	r	Finding/Observation	
Yes		Sub-division of the fire compartments is provided. Originally fitted	

FD30S fire doors are present.



Ref.	Question	Policy Principles	
K9 Are corridors sub-divided where appropriate?			
Answer		Finding/Observation	
Yes		Sub-division of the fire compartments is provided. Originally fitted FD30S fire doors are present.	

Ref. Question		Policy Principles	
K10 Do escape routes lead to a place of safety?			
Answer		Finding/Observation	
Yes		There are unrestricted directions of escape available.	

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles	
K11 Are the stairs and/or lobbies provided with adequate ventilation? (If considered satisfactory, please state provision)		Annual service or AOV's carried out by partner on a rolling schedule. All certificates are stored on PIMSS and can be requested at any time from the Fire Officer.	
Answer		Finding/Observation	
N/A		No stairways present in the community centre areas.	

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles		
K12	Is there any other issues that could affect the means of escape, for example plastic conduit/loose cables not secured by fire rated fastening?			
Answer	Answer			
Yes		There is extensive use of plastic conduit throughout the escape routes and circulation spaces.		out the escape

Action/Recommendation	Priority	Due Date
The 18th edition of BS 7671 includes a new regulation to ensure that escape routes were as safe as possible for residents and the Fire and Rescue Service in the event of a fire. Following the fatalities of two firefighters in 2010 and a recommendation in the subsequent coroner's report, BS 7671 now requires that wiring systems should not be liable to premature collapse. This includes all cables inside plastic conduit in a buildings escape routes. Further investigation of the method of supporting the cabling within the plastic conduit is required to confirm that the supports used to hold the cable in place are not easily deformable (e.g. plastic).	Low	23/Jan/2024

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Image: K121





L. Flat Entrance Doors

Question	Policy Principles
Are the sample inspection flat entrance door or doors in good condition and appropriately fire rated?	Flat fire doors are inspected every six months to check function of the door and highlight any maintenance requirements. All reports are available upon request from the Fire Safety Officer. Cross corridor doors are inspected every 3 months in High Rise Blocks and every six months in low rise blocks months to check function of the door and highlight any maintenance requirements. All reports are available upon request from the Fire Safety Officer.
	Finding/Observation No flats present.
4	are the sample inspection flat entrance door or doors



M. Common Area Fire Doors

condition and appropriately fire rated? of the door and highlight any maintenance requirem reports are available upon request from the Fire Sa Cross corridor doors are inspected every 3 months Blocks and every six months in low rise blocks mon function of the door and highlight any maintenance		Policy Principles
		requirements. All reports are available upon request from the
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		All fire doors were surveyed. The assessor considers that the only fire doors required in the community centre areas are the kitchen fire door, laundry fire door and short corridor to reception area fire door. All have combined intumescent cold smoke seals fitted. No significant issues were identified or other observations were made at the time of the premises survey.

Images

Image: M11





N. Emergency Lighting

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
N1	If emergency lighting is provided, is the coverage sufficient and in good repair? (Internal and external)	
Answei	r	Finding/Observation
Yes		The provision of emergency escape lighting was considered adequate.

Images

Image: N11







Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
N2	If EL not provided, is borrowed/artificial lighting sufficient for escape? (Internal and external)	
Answei	r	Finding/Observation
N/A		



O. Fire Safety Signs & Notices

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles		
01	Is there adequate provision of visible fire safety signs and notices? (Consider directional, exits, stairs, fire action notices, Fire door keep shut, fire equipment and 'do not use lift' signage)			
Answe	r	Finding/Observation	n	
No		Emergency escape signage has been provided at a reasonable level.		at a reasonable

Action/Recommendation		Priority	Due Date
Display green pictographic 'Turn to Open' signs next to the thumb-turn op mechanisms on the main entrance and rear exit door. The arrow should in the direction of turn required to escape.	•	Low	23/Jan/2024

Images

Image: O11







Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
O2	Wayfinding Signage (buildings over 11 metres in height). Are there clear markings for flat and floor recognition provided?	
Answe	r	Finding/Observation
N/A		



P. Means Of Giving Warning In Case Of Fire

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
P1	Is a reasonable fire detection and fire alarm system provided in the common areas, where necessary?	
Answei	•	Finding/Observation
Yes		There is automatic fire detection present and the coverage was considered by the assessor to be a reasonable. Additionally, there are manual call points provided.

Images

Image: P11



Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
P2	If installed, is the common area AFD adequate for the occupancy and fire risk?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
	If not installed, are the premises deemed safe without a common area AFD system?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
N/A		

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
P4	If there is a communal fire detection and fire alarm system, does it extend into the dwellings?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
N/A		



Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
P5	Where appropriate, has a fire alarm zone plan been provided?	
Answer	•	Finding/Observation
Yes		There are zone descriptions present at the fire alarm control panel, which is considered reasonable as there are only two zones present.

Images

Image: P51



Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
P6	Where appropriate, are there adequate arrangements for silencing and resetting an alarm condition?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		Information is posted if there is not a staff presence during hires.
Dof	Quastian	Policy Principles

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
P7	If applicable, is a separate domestic hard-wired smoke/heat alarm within the flats installed to a suitable standard?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
N/A		

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
P8	If applicable (Sheltered scheme) is the smoke detection within the flats monitored by an alarm receiving centre/on site scheme manager via a telecare system?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
N/A		



Q. Measures To Limit Fire Spread And Development

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
Q1	Is there adequate levels of compartmentation between floors and between flats and the common escape routes?	
Answe	r	Finding/Observation
Yes		This Fire Risk Assessment should not be considered as fulfilling the requirements of a full fire compartmentation survey. Where defects were readily observable, any deficiencies will be commented upon. The general provision of fire compartmentation in the areas where access was possible was considered reasonable and no significant issues or observations were made at the time of the premises survey.
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
Q2	Are hidden voids appropriately enclosed and/or fire-stopped? (consider above suspended ceilings)	
Answe	r	Finding/Observation
Yes		There are suspended ceilings are present. Due to the non-destructive nature of a Type-3 fire risk assessment survey, the assessor cannot comment on 'hidden voids' etc. Where defects were readily observable, any deficiencies will be commented upon. The general provision of fire compartmentation in the areas where access was possible was considered reasonable and no significant issues or observations were made at the time of the premises survey.
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
Q3	Is there adequately fire protected service risers and/or ducts in common areas, that will restrict the spread of fire and smoke?	
Answe	r	Finding/Observation
N/A		None present at the time of the premises survey.
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
Q4	Is compartmentation maintained in the roof space?	
Answe	r	Finding/Observation
N/A		The community centre occupies the ground floor only.
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
Q5	Are electrics, including embedded meters, enclosed in fire rated construction?	
Answe	r	Finding/Observation
Yes		Distribution boards are within the understair cupboard, external electrical cupboard and in the laundry. No significant issues were identified or other observations were made at the time of the premises survey.



Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
Q6	As far as can reasonably be ascertained, are fire dampers provided as necessary to protect critical means of escape against passage of fire, smoke and products of combustion in the early stages of a fire?	
Answe	er	Finding/Observation
No		A full investigation of the design of heating, ventilation and air conditioning (HVAC) systems is outside the scope of this fire risk assessment. No fire dampers were observed during the premises survey.

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
Q7	Is there reasonable limitation of linings to escape routes that might promote fire spread?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		No significant issues were identified or other observations were made at the time of the premises survey.

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
Q8	Are soft furnishings in common areas appropriate to limit fire spread/growth?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		Some soft furnishings are present. Tested to BS5852. No significant issues were identified or other observations were made at the time of the premises survey.

Images

Image: Q81



Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
Q9	Does the premises have any external balconies, cladding or materials which may promote external fire spread?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Unknown		This occupancy type is outside the scope of The Fire Safety Act 2021 and Fire Safety (England) Regulations 2022, which require a Fire Risk Appraisal of the External Walls (FRAEW) to be carried out. The assessor is bound by the terms of their indemnity insurance that forbids any consultations, determinations or recommendations regarding external wall systems. No further comments will be made in this matter, other than to state, at the time of the premises survey, there was no legal requirement to carry out an FRAEW of this premises.



Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
Q10	Has a note been prepared of the external walls of the building and details of construction materials used? Does the note include and identify the level of risk that the design and materials used?	
Answe	r	Finding/Observation
Unknown		Refer to Question Q9.
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
Q11	Does the External wall note include any mitigating circumstances that may have been taken to reduce the risk?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Unknown		Refer to Question Q9.
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
Q12	Has the responsible person reviewed the external wall note on a regular basis and revised it if there have been any significant changes in the external walls.	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Unknown		Refer to Question Q9.
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
Q13	Are all other fire spread/compartmentation issues satisfactory?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		



R. Fire Extinguishing Appliances

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
R1	if required, is there reasonable provision of accessible portable fire extinguishers?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		Fire extinguishers are provided in circulation spaces etc as per the Responsible Persons policy, as the first floor is a Berneslai Homes HMO Office. There are labels present that clearly indicate that the extinguishers should only be used by trained persons.

Images

Image: R11





S. Relevant Automatic Fire Extinguishing Systems

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
S1	Are there any automatic fire suppressant systems on site?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
No		
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
S2	Are there any fixed fire fighting mains within the premises?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
No		
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
S3	If any other relevant systems / equipment is installed, state type of system and comment as necessary	
Answer		Finding/Observation
N/A		



T. Procedures And Arrangements

Ref. Question	Policy Principles
T1 Recommended evacuation strategy for this building	g is
Answer	Finding/Observation
Simultaneous Evacuation	It is considered that an adequate number of fire action notices are displayed. It was noted that the fire action notices contain some very unusual advice, that fire extinguishers should only be used if your means of escape is compromised. This was most likely for the benefit of Berneslai Homes staff who occupy the first floor, but is contradictory to the signage displayed next to the fire extinguishers that states that the fire extinguishers should only be used by 'trained staff'. As it is very difficult for the assessor to imagine how the means of escape could be compromised at ground floor level in a building when there are three separate distinct emergency exits available, it is recommended that the fire action notice provision is reviewed.

Images

Image: T11



Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
T2	Has a competent person(s) been appointed to assist in undertaking the preventative and protective measures including in house checks?	
Answe	r	Finding/Observation
Yes		Ryan Beardshall - Fire Safety Officer, Berneslai Homes.
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
Т3	Are there appropriate documented fire safety arrangements and procedures in place in the event of fire?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		Fire action notices will suffice to inform occupants. As part of the

pre-hire walk round with a responsible representative from the hiring body. The housekeeping policy, fire procedure and operation of the emergency exits is explained/demonstrated during this walk round. Hirers sign the agreement to indicate

acceptance of the information.



Ref.	Question	Policy Principles	
T4	Are there suitable arrangements for liasion and calling the Fire Service?		
Answer		Finding/Observation	
Yes		It is considered that this would happen if the occupants are guided by the fire action notices and common knowledge.	
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles	
T5	Are there suitable fire assembly points away from any risk?		
Answe	r	Finding/Observation	
Yes		The fire assembly point is designated. It is not considered reasonably practicable to provide fire assembly point signage in public areas not under the control of Berneslai Homes.	
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles	
Т6	Are there adequate procedures in place for the evacuation of disabled people who are likely to be present?		
Answer		Finding/Observation	
Yes		No significant changes in floor level internally or externally.	
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles	
T7	Are staff nominated and trained on the use of fire extinguishing appliances?		
Answe	r	Finding/Observation	
Yes		Answer refers to periods when Berneslai Homes staff are present. All employees receive fire safety awareness training at induction commensurate with their role and this is periodically refreshed as part of their ongoing general health and safety training. The training includes fire extinguisher identification however there is no expectation that employees would use these unless they felt that it was safe to do so. Records are maintained centrally. Although fire extinguishers are present, It should be borne in mind that hirers are not legally required to use them or receive training in such matters.	
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles	
T8	Are staff nominated and trained to assist in evacuation (Where applicable e.g. Offices, supported schemes)?		
Answe	r	Finding/Observation	
Yes		Berneslai Homes staff or hirers would assist if present. No significant changes in floor level internally or externally.	



U. Training

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
U1	Do staff receive adequate induction and annual refresher fire safety training? (To include fire risks in the premises, fire safety measures in the building, action in the event of fire and on hearing alarm, location and use of fire extinguishers, calling the fire service)	
Answe	r	Finding/Observation
Yes		Answer refers to periods when Berneslai Homes staff are present. All employees receive fire safety awareness training at induction commensurate with their role and this is periodically refreshed as part of their ongoing general health and safety training. The training includes fire extinguisher identification however it is understood that there is no expectation that employees would use these unless they felt that it was safe to do so. Records are maintained centrally. Although fire extinguishers are present, It should be borne in mind that hirers are not legally required to use them or receive training in such matters.
Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
U2	Are employees nominated to assist in the event of fire given additional training?	
Answe	r	Finding/Observation
Yes		Refer to Question T7 and U1.



V. Testing And Maintenance

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
V1	Are all fire safety provisions for the building (AFD, Emergency Lighting, sprinklers etc.) routinely tested and maintained?	Six monthly service is carried out by partner on a rolling schedule. All certificates are stored on PIMSS and can be requested at any time from the Fire Officer. Weekly tests are carried out in house, records are kept but are sometimes not kept on site. The records of these tests can be requested anytime from the Fire Officer. Any faults are dealt with on a 24 hour priority order
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		Refer to policy principle.



W. Records

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
W1	Is all routine testing and staff training including fire drills suitably recorded and available for inspection?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		It is not considered reasonably practicable by the assessor for the staff to carry out fire drills during ad-hoc events, as the period of hire is typically for a short duration and the disruption caused is likely to be such that the hirers will want a refund. As part of the contract of hire, a staff member member will carry out a pre-hire walk round with a responsible representative from the hiring body. The housekeeping policy, fire procedure and operation of the emergency exits is explained/demonstrated during this walk round. Normally, two fire drills are carried out annually and the last recorded one was in September 2022.



X. Premises Information Box

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
X1	Is a Premises Information Box located at the premises accessible to the Fire and Rescue Service, secure from unauthorised access and kept up to date?	
Answe	r	Finding/Observation
N/A		



Y. Engagement With Residents

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
Y1	Has all Fire Safety information & procedures been disseminated to the residents?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
N/A		



Z. Any Other Information

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles		
Z1	Are all issues deemed satisfactory? [1]			
Answe	er	Finding/Observation	1	
was an add areas/scope unanswered Article 9 of the soon as praces as the timely waiting period contact details.		was an address. Subareas/scope of this funanswered as of 18 Article 9 of the FSO2 soon as practicable considered by the asthat a timely responsibility waiting period, the acontact details for contact details for contact details.	yed the whole building as all psequent enquiries regarding ire risk assessment were may 8/01/2023. As the assessor 2005 to record their significal after the assessment is made assessor that sufficient time has ewill not be received. Note assessor was sent a list of a communal buildings and the londing	ng the ade but remain is bound by ant findings as de and it is has now passed e, in the interim ddresses and ist describes
Action	/Recommendation		Priority	Due Date
Based on the information available, it is considered reasonable by the assessor that the fire risk assessment for Maltas Court is confined to the ground floor community centre only, and does not encompass the first floor HMO Offices or the two adjacent residential blocks of flats. This would be in-line with Berneslai Homes policy whereby two or more different occupancies in the same building/same gated areas have separate fire risk assessments performed. If this does not turn out to be correct, the assessor should be informed so that they can update this fire risk assessment.		Medium	23/Apr/2023	

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
Z2	Are all issues deemed satisfactory?	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Yes		This fire risk assessment has been performed by an IFE Registered assessor who is third-party licensed by the Engineering Council and is third-party accredited by UKAS. The submission of to the Responsible Person constitutes neither a warranty of future results by the assessor, nor an assurance against risk. This fire risk assessment represents the assessors best judgement, and due regard should be made to the Limitations Statements contained within this report.



ZAAR. Assessment Risk Ratings

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
ZAAR1	Likelihood of Fire Low: Unusually low likelihood of fire as a result of negligible potential sources of ignition. Medium: Normal fire hazards (e.g. potential ignition sources) for this type of occupancy, with fire hazards generally subject to appropriate controls (other than minor shortcomings). High: Lack of adequate controls applied to one or more significant fire hazards, such as to result in significant increase in likelihood of fire	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Medium		

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
ZAAR2	Potential Consequences of Fire Slight harm: Outbreak of fire unlikely to result in serious injury or death of any occupant. Moderate harmful: Outbreak of fire could foreseeably result in injury (including serious injury) of one or more occupants, but it is unlikely to involve multiple fatalities. Extreme harm: Significant potential for serious injury or death of one or more occupants likely to involve multiple fatalities	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Slight H	arm	

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
ZAAR3	Premises Risk Rating Trivial: No action is required and no detailed records need be kept Tolerable: No major additional controls required. However, there might be a need for improvements that involve minor or limited cost. Moderate: It is essential that efforts are made to	
	reduce the risk. Risk reduction measures should be implemented within a defined time period. Where moderate risk is associated with consequences that constitute extreme harm, further assessment might be required to establish more precisely the likelihood of harm as a basis for determining the	
	priority for improved control measures. Substantial: Considerable resources might have to be allocated to reduce the risk. If the building is unoccupied, it should not be occupied until the risk has been reduced. If the building is occupied, urgent action should be taken. Intolerable: Building (or relevant area) should not be occupied until the risk is reduced	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Tolerabl	e	

Ref.	Question	Policy Principles
ZAAR4	On satisfactory completion of all remedial works the risk rating of this building may be reduced to:	
Answer		Finding/Observation
Tolerable		



The whole of the premises

1.Inspection Details

11	Has a Type 3 dwelling survey been performed?	Yes
12	Which flat number was accessed?	The whole of the premises was surveyed
13	Is there appropriate detection in place?	Yes

2.What Detection Is In Place?

21	Mains Smoke Detector in Hall	N/A
22	Main Smoke Detector in Lounge	N/A
23	Mains Heat Detector in Kitchen	N/A
24	Main Detection in Bedroom(s)	N/A
25	Battery Smoke in hall	N/A
26	Link Heat detector in hall	Yes
27	Other	Yes

3.General

31	If on the ground or 1st floors, is there secondary means of escape from each habitable room? Door or window of at least 0.33m2 with no single dimension smaller than 450mm.	Yes
32	Does the layout of the flat meet the relevant Building Regulations (Travel distance, protected entrance hall, alternative escape etc.?)	N/A
33	Are there any extraction fans that are not vented directly to an external wall?	No
34	Are there any missing internal doors?	No
35	Is the fixed electrical test in date?	Yes
36	Are there any signs of hoarding?	No
37	Is the cooker in a safe position?	Yes
38	Assessor's Miscellaneous Comments or observations - please consider compartmentation within the flat or any tenant alterations?	None.

Limitations Statement

The purpose of the fire risk assessment is solely to provide an assessment of the risk to life from fire, and, where appropriate, to make recommendations to reduce the risk to life from fire. This assessment does not address fire risks to property or business continuity.

Under Article 5(4) of the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005 or other devolved equivalent regional legislation and relevant United Kingdom law, we have been appointed to provide advice to the Responsible Person only. We have no control over any part of the premises covered within this fire risk assessment, and we have no responsibility for undertaking any of the recommendations made. The assessment is intended to assist the Responsible Person to comply with their responsibilities under the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005.

Any policy principles included within this Fire Risk Assessment have been provided by the responsible person or their representative and been added in good faith. We cannot take responsibility for the accuracy of the policy principles with regard to the client's internal policies, British Standards or codes of practice.

Any test certificates supplied as part of the Fire Risk Assessment process will be considered but we take no responsibility or liability whatsoever is accepted for the accuracy of such information supplied by others.

The findings of the fire risk assessment will be based upon the conditions found at the Premises at the time the assessment is to be carried out and on relevant information provided by the Responsible Person or others either prior to, during or after the Fire Risk Assessment of the premises.

We consider the External Wall System as part of the Fire Risk Assessment process; however, we take no responsibility for a fire risk appraisal of external wall construction on existing buildings and work to the guidance and limitations detailed in PAS 9980:2022 0.2 Fire risk assessments. Any information supplied to the Fire Risk Assessor is taken in good faith and we accept no responsibility for the accuracy of the information supplied.

No responsibility is accepted for any change in the conditions or circumstances prior after the Fire Risk Assessment has been undertaken.

It is stressed that the assessment should not be regarded as a structural survey for fire safety purposes as such a survey should only be entrusted to a qualified building surveyor.

The Fire Risk Assessment did not involve destructive exposure (Unless specifically requested as part of a contractual arrangement), and therefore it is not always possible to survey less readily accessible areas. It is, therefore, necessary to rely on a degree of sampling and reasonable assumptions and judgements.

All services or penetrations traversing fire resisting compartments are not confirmed as being sufficiently fire stopped with fire resisting material to the appropriate standard. If fire compartments\fire dampers\voids (ceilings, floors or other voids) are considered inaccessible for safety reasons or any other reason and cannot be physically accessed or are outside the visual range of the assessor, technical comment on these areas cannot be provided.

This fire risk assessment will not necessarily identify all minor fire-stopping issues that might exist within the building and should be considered to be a sample of fire compartmentation. Unless a full fire compartmentation survey is contractually included within the scope of the assessment.

If there are reasons to suspect the fire resistance within the Premises has not been sufficiently maintained the responsibility to provide this technical information rests with the Responsible Person\duty holder.

This fire risk assessment will not necessarily identify all minor fire door issues that might exist within the building and should be considered a sample of fire doors. Unless a full fire door survey is contractually included within the scope of the assessment.

A full investigation of the design of heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC) systems is outside the scope of this fire risk assessment.

Although reference in the report may be made to relevant British Standards, Codes of Practice and Guides the assessment will not, nor is it intended to, ensure compliance with any of the documents referred to in the assessment. However, deviations from generally accepted codes, standards and universally recognised good fire safety practice will be identified in the assessment

Where an emergency escape lighting system is present, comments are based upon a visual assessment of the system coverage and condition, but no illuminance tests or verification of the installation to the relevant British Standards were carried out.

Where a fire alarm system is present, comments are based upon a visual assessment, but no audibility tests or verification of full compliance with the relevant British Standards were carried out.

Where manual firefighting equipment is present, comments are based upon a visual assessment, but no verification of full compliance with the relevant British Standards or codes of practice were carried out.

It is the expectation that any reference to the testing and maintenance of passive or active fire protection systems within the premises are undertaken to the relevant current British Standards, Codes of Practice and Guides it is the responsible person's duty to ensure this is undertaken.

There will be a brief review of procedures at the time of this fire risk assessment. An in-depth review of documentation is outside the scope of this fire risk assessment, unless otherwise stated in the contract.

The report will highlight the Significant Findings (Split into Recommendations and Action(s)) that the Fire Risk Assessor found at the time of the assessment.

It is the responsibility of the Responsible Person to ensure that any deficiencies found during the assessment and subsequently reported to the Responsible Person, by the report or other means, are their responsibility to rectify to a satisfactory standard to meet the requirements of the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005.

It is wholly the responsibility of the Responsible Person and/or their agent to implement and maintain the Fire Precautions at the Premises to a satisfactory standard and condition to comply with the requirements of the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005.

Failure to address and/or rectify any deficiencies mentioned in the report may result in serious harm, injury and or death to any relative person, employee, visitor, you or any other person in, on, within or without the perimeter of the Premises.

Failure to address any of the deficiencies highlighted in the report may be considered to be a breach of the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005 and may result in prosecution by the enforcing authority.

Responsibility for the ongoing management of the Premises and even, if necessary, the decision to allow the Premises to be used for their present purpose, and in the current condition remains with the Responsible Person.

Responsibility for management procedures regarding, evacuation management, and maintenance of firefighting equipment, Fire alarms systems, emergency escape lighting, and any other emergency-related provisions remains a duty of the responsible person, not the fire risk assessor as this is not within their control.

Any faults or deficiencies in any emergency emergency-related staffing levels and\or staff training are the responsibility of the Responsible Person and\or the duty holder.

Portable or moveable items and items brought into the Premises are the responsibility of the Responsible Person and\or the duty holder.

It is recommended that the Assessment is reviewed annually or when there is a significant change, material alteration, change in the use of the Premises, a change in working practices, or following any incident, including fire, which may affect the Fire Precautions of the Premises.

The circumstances of the Premises may change over time and with use and\or occupancy, therefore, failure to review the fire risk assessment by the date indicated may mean that the fire risk assessment is no longer valid.

This Fire Risk Assessment is not a Health and Safety Report. A Health and Safety review should be conducted to ensure compliance with the Health and Safety at Work Act 1974.

Compliance with all other legislation is the responsibility of the Responsible Person. We accept no responsibility for loss, damage or other liability arising from a fire, loss and\or injury due to the failure to observe the safety, observance and practises identified in the Assessment

The Responsible Person will always remain responsible for the outcome of the Fire Risk Assessment and\or its review. This includes the accuracy of details contained within this report.

By signing for, by payment for services or acknowledgement of receipt of the report you accept full responsibility and accountability for implementing the findings of the report.

Risk Rating



The following simple risk level estimator is based on a more general health and safety risk level estimator of the type contained in BS 8800:

Likelihood of fire	Potential consequences of fire				
Likelinood of fire	Slight Harm	Moderate Harm	Extreme Harm		
Low	Trivial	Tolerable	Moderate		
Medium	Tolerable	Moderate	Substantial		
High	Moderate	Substantial	Intolerable		

Taking into account the fire prevention measures observed at the time of this risk assessment, it is considered that the hazard from fire (likelihood of fire) at these premises is:

Medium

In this context, a definition of the above terms is as follows:

Low: Unusually low likelihood of fire as a result of negligible potential sources of ignition.

Medium: Normal fire hazards (e.g. potential ignition sources) for this type of occupancy, with fire hazards generally subject to appropriate controls (other than minor shortcomings).

High: Lack of adequate controls applied to one or more significant fire hazards, such as to result in significant increase in likelihood of fire

Taking into account the nature of the building and occupants, as well as the fire protection and procedural arrangements observed at the time of this fire risk assessment, it is considered that the consequences for life safety in the event of fire would be:

Slight Harm

In this context, a definition of the above terms is as follows:

Slight harm: Outbreak of fire unlikely to result in serious injury or death of any occupant.

Moderate harmful: Outbreak of fire could foreseeably result in injury (including serious injury) of one or more occupants, but it is unlikely to involve multiple fatali-ties.

Extreme harm: Significant potential for serious injury or death of one or more occupants likely to involve multiple fatalities.

Accordingly, it is considered that the risk to life from fire at these premises is:

Tolerable

A suitable risk-based control plan should involve effort and urgency that is proportional to risk. The following risk-based control plan is based on one advocated by BS 8800 for general health and safety risks:

Risk Level	Action and time table
Trivial	No action is required and no detailed records need be kept.
Tolerable	No major additional controls required. However, there might be a need for improvements that involve minor or limited cost.
Moderate	It is essential that efforts are made to reduce the risk. Risk reduction measures should be implemented within a defined time period. Where moderate risk is associated with consequences that constitute extreme harm, further assessment might be required to establish more precisely the likelihood of harm as a basis for determining the priority for improved control measures.
Substantial	Considerable resources might have to be allocated to reduce the risk. If the building is unoccupied, it should not be occupied until the risk has been reduced. If the building is occupied, urgent action should be taken.
Intolerable	Building (or relevant area) should not be occupied until the risk is reduced.

(Note that, although the purpose of this section is to place the risk in context, the above approach to fire risk assessment is subjective and for guidance only. All hazards and deficiencies identified in this report should be addressed by implementing all recommendations contained in the following action plan. The fire risk assessment should be reviewed regularly.)





Life Safety Fire Risk Assessment Certificate of Conformity

This certificate is issued by the organization named in Part 1 of the schedule in respect of fire risk assessment provided for the person(s) or organization named in Part 2 of the schedule at the premises and / or part of the premises identified in Part 3 of the schedule.

Schedule:

oonoaa.o.	
Part 1a	Name & Address of Certified Organisation:
	Pennington Choices, Broofield House, Grimsditch Lane, WA4 4EA
Part 1b	BAFE registration number of issuing Certified Organization:
	102119
Part 1c	SSAIB 3rd Party Certificate Number:
	CHES077
Part 2	Name of Client:
	Amanda Garrard - Chief Executive
Part 3a	Address of premises for which the fire risk assessment was carried out:
	Maltas Court Worsbrough Dale, Barnsley, South Yorkshire, S70 4QG
Part 3b	Part or parts of the premises to which the fire risk assessment applies:
	Main hall, small hall, laundry, kitchen and reception area.
Part 4	Brief description of the scope and purpose of the fire risk assessment:
	Life Safety (as per agreed Specification)
Part 4b	Limitations of FRA:
	See Limitation Statement
Part 5	Effective date of the fire risk assessment:
	09/01/2023
Part 6	Recommended date for reassessment of the premises:
	09/01/2025
Part 7	Unique reference number of this certificate:
	115543

Signed for and on behalf of the issuing Certificated Organization:

James Hutton

Dated: 1/23/2023

Appendix 1. Action Details

Ref.	Category	Priority	Comments	Recommendation	Quantity	To Be Completed By Photo Ref.
A2	ELECTRICAL IGNITION SOURCES	Low	Some portable electrical appliances are present, the majority of which had in date PAT labels attached. There is a new fan heater present that has not yet been PAT tested.	If it is decided that this fan heater will be retained (see Question D1), during the next programmed Technicians visit, PAT test this item.		23/01/2024 A21
D1	PORTABLE HEATERS AND HEATING INSTALLATIONS	No Timescale	There is a new fan heater present that has not yet been PAT tested.	Consideration should be given to replacing the fan heater with oil-filed electrical portable radiators which are considered to be relatively low risk portable heating appliances.		
F1	LIGHTNING	No Timescale	A lightning protection system was not observed.	Recommend management undertake a risk assessment of the building to determine if lightning protection is required		
K12	MEANS OF ESCAPE	Low	There is extensive use of plastic conduit throughout the escape routes and circulation spaces.	The 18th edition of BS 7671 includes a new regulation to ensure that escape routes were as safe as possible for residents and the Fire and Rescue Service in the event of a fire. Following the fatalities of two firefighters in 2010 and a recommendation in the subsequent coroner's report, BS 7671 now requires that wiring systems should not be liable to premature collapse. This includes all cables inside plastic conduit in a buildings escape routes. Further investigation of the method of supporting the cabling within the plastic conduit is required to confirm that the supports used to hold the cable in place are not easily deformable (e.g. plastic).		23/01/2024 K121
O1	FIRE SAFETY SIGNS & NOTICES	Low	Emergency escape signage has been provided at a reasonable level.	Display green pictographic 'Turn to Open' signs next to the thumb-turn operating mechanisms on the main entrance and rear exit door. The arrow should indicate the direction of turn required to escape.		23/01/2024 O11, O12

Ref.	Category	Priority	Comments	Recommendation	Quantity	To Be Completed By	Photo Ref.
Т1	PROCEDURES AND ARRANGEMENTS	No Timescale	It is considered that an adequate number of fire action notices are displayed. It was noted that the fire action notices contain some very unusual advice, that fire extinguishers should only be used if your means of escape is compromised. This was most likely for the benefit of Berneslai Homes staff who occupy the first floor, but is contradictory to the signage displayed next to the fire extinguishers that states that the fire extinguishers should only be used by 'trained staff'. As it is very difficult for the assessor to imagine how the means of escape could be compromised at ground floor level in a building when there are three separate distinct emergency exits available, it is recommended that the fire action notice provision is reviewed.	Consider the different persons that would occupy the different areas of the building and determine whether the statement in the current fire action notices that contradict the signage next to the fire extinguishers is providing sound advice. The assessor considers that one, unified fire action notice would be more appropriate that does not contain statements regarding fire extinguisher usage as the community centre is used after hours when no staff are present.			T11
Z1	ANY OTHER INFORMATION	Medium	The assessor surveyed the whole building as all they were given was an address. Subsequent enquiries regarding the areas/scope of this fire risk assessment were made but remain unanswered as of 18/01/2023. As the assessor is bound by Article 9 of the FSO2005 to record their significant findings as soon as practicable after the assessment is made and it is considered by the assessor that sufficient time has now passed that a timely response will not be received. Note, in the interim waiting period, the assessor was sent a list of addresses and contact details for communal buildings and the list describes Maltas Court as a	Based on the information available, it is considered reasonable by the assessor that the fire risk assessment for Maltas Court is confined to the ground floor community centre only, and does not encompass the first floor HMO Offices or the two adjacent residential blocks of flats. This would be in-line with Berneslai Homes policy whereby two or more different occupancies in the same building/same gated areas have separate fire risk assessments performed. If this does not turn out to be correct, the assessor should be informed so that they can update this fire risk assessment.		23/04/2023	

'communal centre with a laundry'.